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## Question Paper Code: 20413

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2018.

Fourth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 6403 — ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

(Regulations 2013)

(Common to PTEC 6403 — Electromagnetic Fields for B.E. (Part-Time) Third Semester – Electronics and Communication Engineering – Regulations 2014)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. State divergence theorem.
- 2. Specify the applications of Gauss law.
- 3. Define magneto static vector potential.
- 4. Mention the Laplace equation in electromagnetic field.
- 5. What is meant by Biot-Savart Law?
- 6. State stokes theorem.
- 7. Outline the Amperes law of force between current carrying conductors.
- 8. Determine the force and torque in terms of mutual inductance.
- 9. Relate electrostatic and Magneto static models.
- 10. Outline the fundamental postulate for Electromagnetic Induction.

PART B —  $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$ 

11. (a) Illustrate in detail about the coulomb's law in electric fields. (13)

Or

(b) Determine the electric field intensity of an infinitely long, straight line charge of a uniform density  $\rho$  in air. (13)

12. (a)	Derive the boundary c	static fields.	(13)	
		Or		

- (b) A parallel plate capacitor consists of two parallel conducting plates of area S separated by a uniform distance d. The space between the plates is filled with a dielectric of a constant permittivity,  $\in$ . Determine the capacitance. (13)
- 13. (a) An infinitely long, straight conductor with a circular cross section of radius *b* carries a steady current *I*. Determine the magnetic flux density both inside and outside the conductor. (13)

Or

- (b) Derive the vector magnetic potential. (13)
- 14. (a) Find the inductance per unit length of a very long solenoid with air core having 'n' turns per unit length. (13)

Or

- (b) Determine the force per unit length between two infinitely long parallel conducting wires carrying currents  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  in the same direction. The wires are separated by a distance d. (13)
- 15. (a) Derive the integral form of Maxwell's equations. (13)

Or

(b) A circular loop of N turns of conducting wire lies in the xy-plane with its center at the origin of a magnetic field specified at the origin of a magnetic field specified by  $B = a_z B_0 \cos(\pi r/2b) \sin \omega t$ , where 'b' is the radius of the loop and  $\omega$  is the angular frequency. Find the emf induced in the loop.

## PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

16. (a) Express  $3\cos\omega t - 4\sin\omega t$ , as first (i)  $A_1\cos\left(\omega t + \theta_1\right)$  and then (ii)  $A_2\sin\left(\omega t + \theta_2\right)$ . Determine  $A_1$ ,  $\theta_1$ ,  $A_2$  and  $\theta_2$ . (15)

Or

(b) A rectangular loop in the xy-plane with sides  $b_1$  and  $b_2$  carrying a current I lies in a uniform magnetic field  $B = a_x B_x + a_y B_y + a_z B_z$ .

Determine the force and torque on the loop. (15)